Case 2:	16-cv-02129-SJO-RAO Document 283	Filed 07/24/17	Page 1 of 9	Page ID #:6103			
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	J. Patrick Carey (State Bar #25364 LAW OFFICES OF J. PATRICK CA 1230 Rosecrans Avenue, Suite 270 Manhattan Beach, California 90260 Tel: (310) 526-2237 Fax: (310) 356-3671 Email: pat@patcareylaw.com Attorney for Defendant ALAN JOHNSTON	AREY 0 5	COURT				
9							
10	CENTRAL DISTRICT OF C	ALIFUKNIA,	VVEJIERN				
11			0.40				
12 13	CORY SPENCER, an individual; DIANA MILENA REED, an			2129-SJO (RAOx)			
14	individual; and COASTAL PROTECTION RANGERS, INC., a			ISTON'S NOTICE			
15	California non-profit public benefit corporation;			ENT, OR IN THE R SUMMARY			
16	Plaintiffs, v.	ADJUDIO MEMOR	CATION OF	CLAIMS; POINTS AND			
17	LUNADA BAY BOYS; THE		•				
18	INDIVIDUAL MEMBERS OF THE LUNADA BAY BOYS, including bu	t Hearing	Date: Augus Time: 10:00	A.M.			
19 20	not limited to SANG LEE, BRANT BLAKEMAN, ALAN JOHNSTON	Courtroo	on. James ( m: 10C	Otero			
20 21	aka JALIAN JOHNSTON, MICHAE RAE PAPAYANS, ANGELO	EL					
22	FERRARA, FRANK FERRARA, CHARLIE FERRARA, and N.F.;						
23	CITY OF PALOS VERDES ESTATES; CHIEF OF POLICE						
24	JEFF KEPLEY, in his representative capacity; and DOES 1 – 10,	/e					
25							
26	Defendants.						
27							
28		4					
	DEFENDANT JOHNSTON I	1 MOTION FOR SUMM	ARY JUDGMEN	Г			

#### **1** TO THE HONORABLE COURT AND TO ALL PARTIES:

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that on August 21, 2017, at 10:00 a.m., in 2 Department 10C of the United States District Court, located at 350 West 3 First Street, Los Angeles, California 90012, Defendant Alan Johnston 4 ("Defendant") will request the Court to grant his Motion for Summary 5 Judgment, or in the alternative for summary adjudication of claims, on the 6 Complaint of Plaintiffs Corey Spencer, Diana Milena Reed, and Coastal 7 Protection Rangers, Inc. (collectively "Plaintiffs") pursuant to Federal Rule of 8 Civil Procedure 56. If for any reason the court does not entirely grant 9 Defendant Johnston's summary judgment, the Court is requested to grant 10 11 Defendant Johnston's partial summary judgment and/or summary adjudication as follows: 12

Summary Judgment for the First Cause of Action for violation of the
Bane Act (California Civil Code § 52.1(b)) on the basis that Plaintiffs were
not prohibited from exercising their right to recreate in Lunada Bay.

Summary Judgment as to the Second Cause of Action for PublicNuisance based on lack of standing.

Summary Judgment as to the conspiracy claims alleged in the Firstand Second Causes of Action based on a failure of evidence.

Summary Judgment as to the Sixth Cause of Action for Assault on the
basis that Defendant did not do anything to put Plaintiffs in apprehension of
immediate injury.

Summary Judgment on the Seventh Cause of Action for Battery on the
basis that Defendant Johnston did not touch the Plaintiffs with the intent to
harm.

26 Summary Judgment as to the Eighth Cause of Action for negligence 27 on the basis that Defendant Johnston did not breach any duty of care.

1	This motion is based on this Notice, the Memorandum of Points and							
2	Authorities, all exhibits, the Declaration of J. Patrick Carey, the proposed							
3	Statement of Uncontroverted Facts, the Court's file in this action, all matters							
4	of which this Court must or may take judicial notice and on such further							
5	evidence and argument which may be presented at the hearing on this							
6	matter.							
7	This Motion is made following the conference of counsel pursuant to							
8	Local Rule 7-3 which took place on July 14, 2017.							
9								
10	DATED: July 24, 2017 LAW OFFICES OF J. PATRICK CAREY							
11	But /o/ L Detrick Corou							
12	By: <u>/s/ J. Patrick Carey</u> J. Patrick Carey							
13	Attorney for Defendant ALAN JOHNSTON							
14								
15								
16								
17								
18								
19								
20								
21								
22								
23								
24								
25								
26 27								
27								
20	3 DEFENDANT JOHNSTON MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT							

## MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES IN SUPPORT OF MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT

### 3 I. INTRODUCTION

1

2

Plaintiffs allege they have been prohibited from enjoying Lunada Bay,
a unique surf break along the cliffs of Palos Verdes in Southern California.
In their complaint, Plaintiffs allege that Defendant has engaged in
intimidation, assault, and battery to prevent them from surfing at Lunada
Bay. Plaintiffs further allege that the Defendants are a criminal street gang
within the meaning of California Penal Code § 186.22(f).

Plaintiffs Spencer and Coastal Protection Rangers, Inc. ("Coastal") have never interacted with Defendant Johnston, so their claims against him should be dismissed. The one incident in which Plaintiff Reed interacted with Defendant Johnston was captured on video. The video does not support any of the claims Plaintiff Reed has alleged against Defendant Johnston.

Finally, the Plaintiffs lack standing to ask this court for to declare a public nuisance and issue a gang injunction pursuant to Penal Code Section 18 186.22.

19 II. FACTUAL BACKGROUND

Plaintiff Spencer has never seen Defendant Johnston. Declaration of
J. Patrick Carey ("Carey Decl."), ¶ 3, Exhibit 1, Deposition of Plaintiff Cory
Spencer ("Spencer Depo."), 323:17-20.

On February 13, 2016, Defendant Johnston approached Plaintiff Reed
at the patio structure at Lunada Bay. Defendant Johnston reached into his
backpack and grabbed a can of beer. He asked Plaintiff Reed and her
friend if they were drinking and if they wanted a beer. Defendant Johnston
then opened his can of beer. A small amount of foam of the beer sprayed

onto Plaintiff Reed's sweater sleeve and her camera as Defendant Johnston
opened the beer. Declaration of J. Patrick Carey ("Carey Decl."), ¶ 5, Exhibit
3, Screenshots from Video of February 13, 2016 incident ("Feb 13 Video").
Plaintiff Reed's camera was not damaged. Declaration of J. Patrick Carey
("Carey Decl."), ¶ 4, Exhibit 2, Deposition of Plaintiff Diana Reed ("Reed
Depo."), 176:5-6.

Plaintiff Coastal makes no specific allegations against Defendant
Johnston and has not provided any evidence to support the causes of action
against Defendant Johnston.

#### 10 III. ARGUMENT

Β.

11

### A. LEGAL STANDARD FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT

Summary judgment is appropriate where there is no genuine dispute as to any material fact and the moving party is entitled to a judgment as a matter of law. Fed. R. Civ. P. 56(c); *Celotex Corp. v. Catrett,* 477 U.S. 317, 322 (1986). The moving party must demonstrate that there is no dispute as to the material facts of the case. Courts will focus on the facts that might affect the outcome and will disregard all "facts that are irrelevant and unnecessary." *Anderson v. Liberty Lobby, Inc.,* 477 U.S. 242, 248 (1986).

19

20

21

## THERE IS NO EVIDENCE THAT DEFENDANT JOHNSTON VIOLATED THE BANE ACT AS ALLEGED IN THE FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

California's Bane Act provides legal or equitable relief for an "individual
whose exercise or enjoyment of [federal or state constitutional] rights ... has
been interfered with, or attempted to be interfered with ...." California Civil
Code §52.1(b). Thus, Plaintiffs must prove that Defendant Johnston
interfered with, or attempted to interfere with, the Plaintiffs' exercise or
enjoyment of their constitutional rights.

Defendant Johnston did not meet or interact with Plaintiff Spencer. His one interaction with Plaintiff Reed on February 13, 2016 was brief, and he never interfered with her constitutional rights. There is no genuine issue of material fact. Plaintiffs cannot prove this claim.

5

6

## C. PLAINTIFF'S DO NOT HAVE STANDING FOR THE SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION FOR PUBLIC NUISANCE

Standing to bring a public nuisance action is limited to either (1)
individuals who have suffered injuries different in kind or in degree from
those suffered by other members of the public, or (2) to the State. *Cal. Civ. Code Sec. 3493.* Otherwise, California Code of Civil Procedure section 731
explicitly authorizes <u>prosecutors</u> to bring public nuisance actions in the name
of the People:

"A civil action may be brought in the name of the People of the
State of California to abate a public nuisance, as the same is
defined in Civ. Code. Sec. 3479, <u>by the district attorney</u> of any
county in which the nuisance exists, <u>or by the city attorney</u> of any
town or city in which such nuisance exists." *C.C.P.* § 731.

A public nuisance cannot be abated by a private person. County of 18 Yolo v. Sacramento, (1868) 36 Cal. 193; Hasbrouck v. Cavill, (1921) 54 CA 19 1, 200 P 979; San Joaquin & Kings River Canal & Irrigation Co. v. Egenhoff 20 (1943, Cal App) 61 Cal App 2d 82, 141 P2d 939. Plaintiff, in an action for 21 nuisance, cannot recover damages for injuries which affect the public 22 generally, but if he has suffered damages peculiar to himself, it becomes, to 23 that extent, private nuisance for which he may recover. Grigsby v. Clear 24 Lake Water Works, Co. (1870) 40 Cal. 396. 25

Plaintiffs are private parties. There is no genuine issue of materialfact. The Plaintiffs do not have standing to bring this claim.

1 2

# D. THERE IS NO GENUINE, MATERIAL FACTUAL DISPUTE AS TO THE CONSPIRACY CLAIM

The Plaintiffs do not have evidence sufficient to prove that Defendant
Johnston is an alleged co-conspirator, and therefore an alleged criminal
street gang member.

6 "Because civil conspiracy is so easy to allege, plaintiffs have a weighty burden to prove it. They must show that each member of the conspiracy 7 acted in concert and came to a mutual understanding to accomplish a 8 common and unlawful plan, and that one or more of them committed an 9 overt act to further it. It is not enough that the [alleged conspirators] knew of 10 an intended wrongful act, they had to agree - expressly or tacitly - to 11 achieve it. Unless there is such a meeting of the minds, 'the independent 12 acts of two or more wrongdoers do not amount to a conspiracy.' Choate v. 13 County of Orange, 86 Cal.App.4<sup>th</sup> 312, 333 (2000) (citations omitted). 14

Plaintiffs have presented no evidence that Defendant Johnston is a coconspirator or criminal street gang member. There is no genuine issue of
material fact. Plaintiffs cannot prove this claim.

18 19

# E. DEFENDANT JOHNSTON DID NOT ASSAULT THE PLAINTIFFS

Assault is the unlawful attempt, couple with a present ability, to commit a violent injury upon the person of another. *Tekle v. United States* (9<sup>th</sup> Cir. 2007) 511 F. 3d 839, 855. To establish civil assault, a plaintiff would need to establish that a defendant threatened a harmful and offensive touching causing a harm. *Id.* 

Defendant Johnston did not meet or interact with Plaintiff Spencer or
Plaintiff Coastal. His one interaction with Defendant Reed does not amount
to an assault as he did not touch her nor did he intend to injure her.

**DEFENDANT JOHNSTON DID NOT COMMIT A BATTERY** F. 1 Battery is the willful and unlawful use of force or violence upon another 2 Tekle v. United States (9th Cir. 2007) 511 F. 3d 839, 855. 3 person. Defendant must have done an action that causes injury, damage, loss, or 4 harm to the plaintiff. Id. 5 6 Defendant Johnston did not meet or interact with Plaintiff Spencer or 7 Plaintiff Coastal. His one interaction with Defendant Reed does not amount to an assault. The act alleged here, the opening of a bear can, did not 8 cause injury, damage, loss, or harm to the plaintiff. There is no genuine 9 material factual dispute. 10 THERE IS NO GENUINE, MATERIAL FACTUAL DISPUTE G. 11 THAT CAN SUPPORT A CLAIM FOR NEGLIGENCE 12 13 "The elements of a negligence cause of action are the existence of a legal duty of care, breach of that duty, and proximate cause resulting in 14 injury." McIntyre v. Colonies-Pac., LLC, 228 Cal.App.4th 664, 671 (2014). 15 Defendant Johnston did not owe, nor did he breach, any duty of care. 16 The Plaintiff's did not suffer an injury. There is no genuine issue of material 17 fact. Plaintiffs cannot prove this claim. 18 19 /// /// 20 21 /// 22 /// /// 23 24 /// /// 25 IV. 26 CONCLUSION Based on the foregoing, Defendant Johnston respectfully requests this 27 28

Case 2:	16-cv-02129-SJO-RAO Do	ocument 283	Filed 07/24/17	Page 9 of 9	Page ID #:6111				
1	honorable Court to grant this motion in its entirety.								
2									
3	DATED: July 24, 2017	LA	W OFFICES	OF J. PATE	RICK CAREY				
4		D,	" /a/ L Datria						
5		Dy	J. Patrick C	arey					
6	By: <u>/s/ J. Patrick Carey</u> J. Patrick Carey Attorney for Defendant ALAN JOHNSTON								
7									
8									
9									
10									
11									
12									
13									
14									
15									
16 17									
18									
19									
20									
21									
22									
23									
24									
25									
26									
27									
28			0						
	9 DEFENDANT JOHNSTON MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT								